

#### **ASX & Media Release**

# **Patrys Receives R&D Tax Incentive Refund**

**Melbourne, Australia; 8 November 2023:** Patrys Limited (ASX: PAB, "Patrys" or the "Company"), a therapeutic antibody development company, is pleased to announce that its wholly-owned subsidiary Nucleus Therapeutics Pty Ltd has received a rebate of \$2.7 million for the 2022/2023 financial year under the Federal Government's R&D Tax Incentive scheme.

The Research & Development (R&D) Tax Incentive helps companies innovate and grow by providing a tax offset for eligible research and development. The majority of the development costs associated with Patrys' dexoymab program benefit from this scheme.

Patrys Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director, Dr. James Campbell, said: "We continue to appreciate the support that the Federal Government provide for this program. The R&D Tax Incentive Refund strengthens Patrys' cash position and will be primarily used for ongoing technology development of the PAT-DX1 lead clinical candidate in preparation for our anticipated clinical trial in 2024."

#### -Ends-

This announcement is authorised for release by the Board of Directors of Patrys Limited.

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### **About Patrys Limited**

Based in Melbourne, Australia, Patrys (ASX:PAB) is focused on the development of its deoxymab platform of cell-penetrating antibodies as therapies for a range of different cancers. More information can be found at <a href="https://www.patrys.com">www.patrys.com</a>.

About Patrys' deoxymab 3E10 platform: Patrys' deoxymab platform is based on the deoxymab 3E10 antibody that was first identified as an autoantibody in a mouse model of the human disease systemic



lupus erythematosus (SLE). While most antibodies bind to cell surface markers, deoxymab 3E10 penetrates into the cell nuclei and binds directly to DNA where it inhibits DNA repair processes. Cancer cells often have high levels of mutations and underlying deficiencies in the DNA repair mechanisms. For these reasons, the additional inhibition of the DNA repair processes by deoxymab 3E10 can kill cancer cells, but appears to have little impact on normal cells. As a single agent, deoxymab 3E10 has been shown to significantly enhance the efficacy of both chemo- and radiotherapies. Further, deoxymab 3E10 can be conjugated to nanoparticles to target delivery of chemotherapeutics and imaging agents to tumours.

Patrys has developed two humanised forms of deoxymab 3E10, both which have improved activity over the original deoxymab 3E10 antibody. PAT-DX1 is a dimer (two joined subunits) of the short chain from the binding domain of deoxymab 3E10, while PAT-DX3 is a full-sized IgG antibody. In a range of pre-clinical studies, PAT-DX1 has shown significant ability to kill cancer cells in cell models, human tumour explants, xenograft and orthotopic models. PAT-DX1 has been shown to cross the blood brain barrier, reduce tumour size, and increase survival in multiple animal models of brain cancer, other cancers, and cancer metastases. PAT-DX1 is tumour-agnostic, meaning that it can target many different tumour types in the body, regardless of specific tumour antigens. Patrys believes that PAT-DX1 may have application across a wide range of cancers including gliomas, melanomas, prostate, breast, pancreatic and ovarian cancers.

Deoxymabs, such as PAT-DX1 and PAT-DX3, can be used to target nanoparticles carrying a payload of anti-cancer drugs specifically to tumours. This allows specific delivery of cancer drugs to multiple types of cancer while having minimal impact on normal, healthy cells.

Patrys' rights to deoxymab 3E10 are part of a worldwide license to develop and commercialise a portfolio of novel anti-DNA antibodies and antibody fragments, variants and conjugates discovered at Yale University as anti-cancer and diagnostic agents. Six patents covering the unconjugated form of deoxymab 3E10 (and derivatives thereof) have already been granted (Europe, Japan, China, and 3 in the USA), and five patents covering nanoparticle conjugation has been granted (Australia, Canada, China, India and the USA).